

Economic Crisis and Internal Migration of Foreign-Born in Spain

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Abstract

Spain, a country of emigration for decades, has rapidly become one of the world's main countries of immigration. In January 2013, Spain hosted 6.6 million foreign-born persons, according to the population register; they represented 14.1 per cent of the total population of Spain.

This paper describes the repercussion of the change in the economic cycle on the migration processes of the foreign-born population in Spain, adding an approximation into the recent flows of immigration, their settlement processes in the territory and their subsequent internal/domestic geographic mobility. In sum, it consists of an analysis of all the migratory processes, which are taken into account as an interrelated unit, which responds to the recent economic situations, that are radically different from those experimented during the last decade, when the immigration boom and the redistribution of the foreign population along the territory coincided with a phase of continuous economic expansion. This paper describe the internal mobility of the foreign-born population in the recent times of crisis, identifying the new socio-demographic and territorial factors that explain it, dedicating a special attention to residential mobility and also the mobility that is related to the work market and closely associated to those movements of medium and large distance, so as to observe which migratory processes consolidate and which ones revert. The study of all these differentiated processes by nationality/place of birth will be, at all time, compared to what happens with the Spanish population, which will be considered as the group of reference.

The analysis is based on data from the Population Register Microdata files (Residential Variation Statistics) which provide information on individuals changing place of residence by basic demographic characteristics (citizenship, age, gender, country of birth and origin and destination of internal migration) for the period 1998-2012 and the *Padron Continuo* which provide information about population at risk by sex, age and country of birth for the period 1998-2013..

Keywords: Internal Migration Foreign Population Economic Crises Spain

Data and methods

The data on internal migration used in this study come from the Estadística de Variaciones Residenciales (Statistics of Residential Variation - EVR). The data correspond to period 1998-2012. This source registers all the changes of municipality linked to the management of the municipal register of inhabitants and provides information on the citizenship of those moving, as well as about other demographic and geographic characteristics (origin and destination of move, distance, among other). Information on the number of foreigners, used to calculate migration rates for the annual quarter 1998-2013 period, comes from the Padrón Continuo (Continuous Register).

We calculate the Gross Migraproduction Rate (GMR) for different categories. We also build up the profiles by age and sex. The GMR is analogous to the gross fertility rate in that it is the sum of age specific migration intensities and it is interpreted as the mobility a person would experience in his life if he or she followed the pattern observed at a specific time point (by sex, age and whatever variables are considered to compute the rates). It measures the intensity of migration between two regions at a particular point in time (Willekens and Rogers 1986). In its simplest form it is defined as:

$$GRM = \sum_{x=0}^z m_{x,x+n},$$

where $m_{x,x+n}$ are the age-specific migration rates or transition probabilities. This is way of standardizing age and gender structure that is sensitive to the starting and ending ages of summation (Bell, Blake et al. 2002).

Preliminary Results

Table 1. Economic Crisis and Internal Migration. *Gross Migraproduction Rates* (GMR) by Sex and Region of Birth. Spain 2008-2012

Country of birth	Intra-provincial migration								
	Men		Women		Men		Women		Sex ratio
	1Q 2008	4 Q 2012		1Q 2008	4 Q 2012	Variation	Variation	1Q 2008	4 Q 2012
Spain	1,46	1,31	1,53	1,29	-10,6%	-15,8%	0,96	1,02	
EU-15	1,97	1,58	2,01	1,55	-19,7%	-23,0%	0,98	1,02	
Rest of Europe	2,78	2,01	2,98	2,60	-27,5%	-12,8%	0,93	0,77	
Maghreb	4,02	3,28	3,43	3,09	-18,4%	-9,9%	1,17	1,06	
Sub-Saharan Africa	2,76	2,52	3,17	2,82	-8,6%	-11,1%	0,87	0,89	
Latin	3,86	3,16	4,15	3,47	-18,1%	-16,4%	0,93	0,91	
Asian	4,92	3,49	3,80	3,00	-29,1%	-21,1%	1,29	1,16	
Interprovincial migration									
Country of birth	Men		Women		Men		Women		Sex ratio
	1Q 2008	4 Q 2012		1Q 2008	4 Q 2012	Variation	Variation	1Q 2008	4 Q 2012
Spain	0,95	0,91	0,96	0,87	-4,3%	-9,3%	0,99	1,04	
EU-15	1,20	0,97	1,13	0,97	-19,4%	-14,0%	1,06	1,00	
Rest of Europe	2,28	1,44	2,06	1,47	-36,8%	-28,6%	1,10	0,98	
Maghreb	4,44	2,96	3,40	2,46	-33,2%	-27,5%	1,31	1,20	
Sub-Saharan Africa	3,53	3,94	3,01	2,97	11,7%	-1,3%	1,17	1,33	
Latin	2,97	2,19	2,96	2,13	-26,2%	-28,0%	1,00	1,03	
Asian	4,86	4,27	3,50	2,90	-12,2%	-17,1%	1,39	1,47	

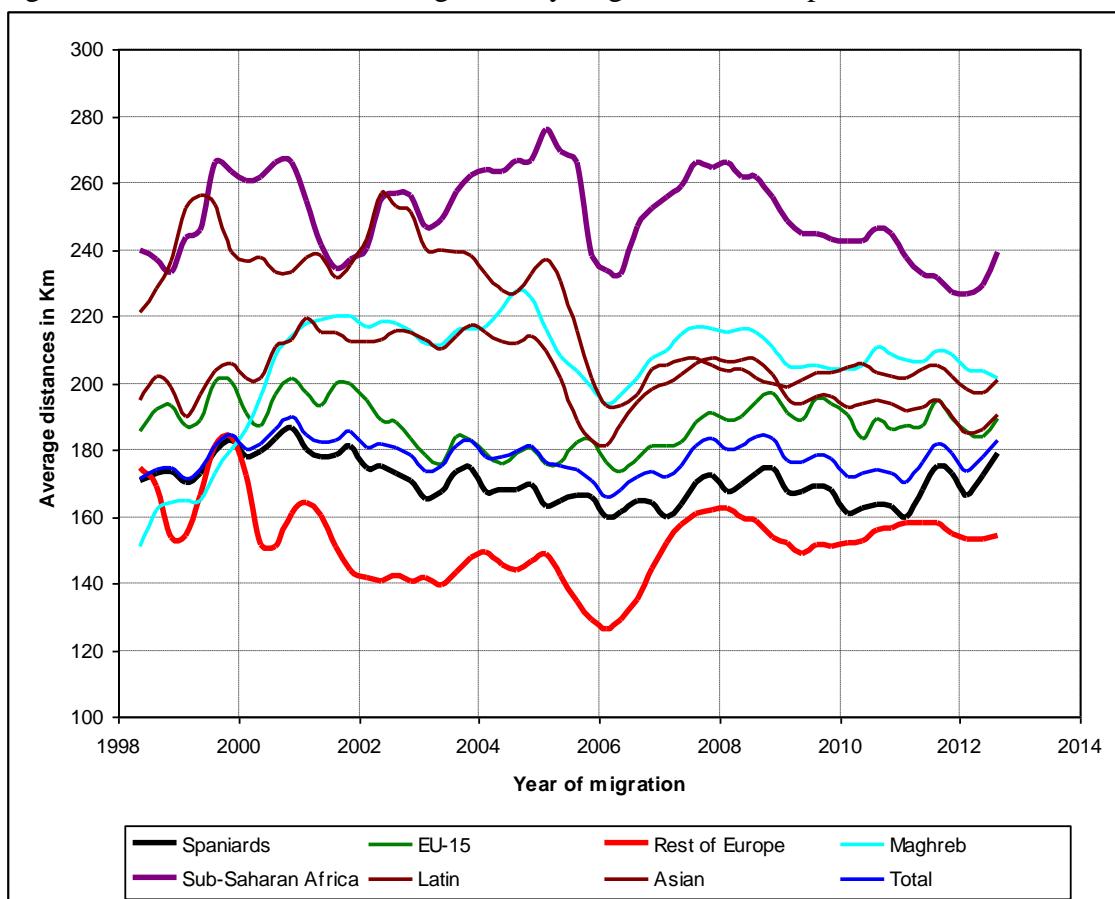
Source: Own elaboration. *EVR and Padron Continuo* micro-data

Table 2. Changes in distances of internal migration by Region of birth and sex, Spain 2007-2011

Region of birth	Men		Women	
	<25 km	>200 Km	<25 km	>200 Km
Spain	-5,73%	0,91%	-6,08%	-4,94%
EU – 15	-26,28%	-21,97%	-22,55%	-19,84%
Rest of Europe	-33,50%	-45,60%	-15,72%	-24,26%
Maghreb	-11,73%	-27,98%	13,54%	-2,97%
Sub-Saharan Africa	13,37%	-11,26%	13,36%	-12,54%
Latin	-10,47%	-25,90%	-1,61%	-20,98%
Asian	5,31%	11,15%	20,41%	19,38%
Total	-8,36%	-9,79%	-5,54%	-8,90%

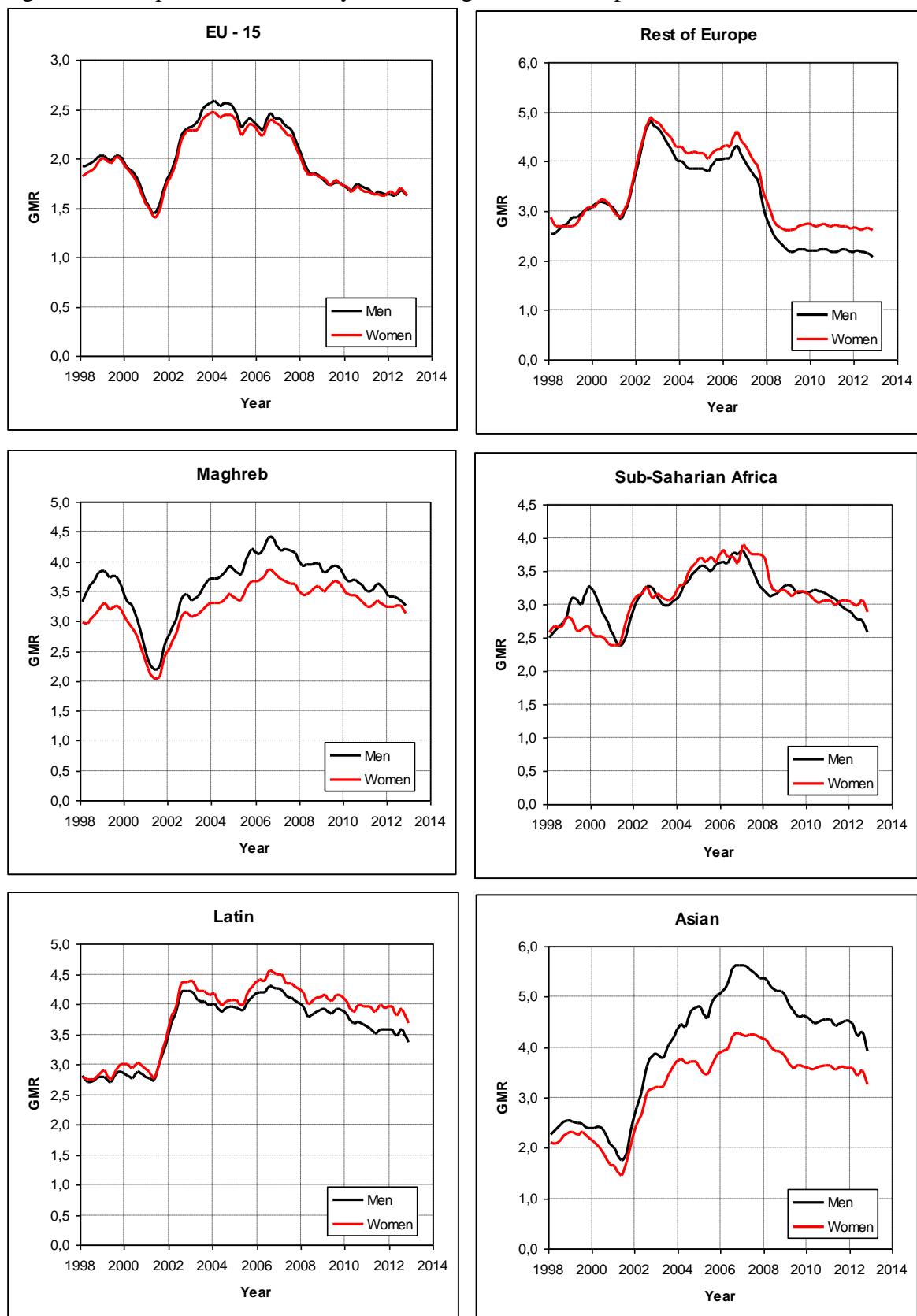
Source: Own elaboration. *EVR* micro-data

Figure 1. Distances of Internal Migration by Region of Birth. Spain, 1998-2012



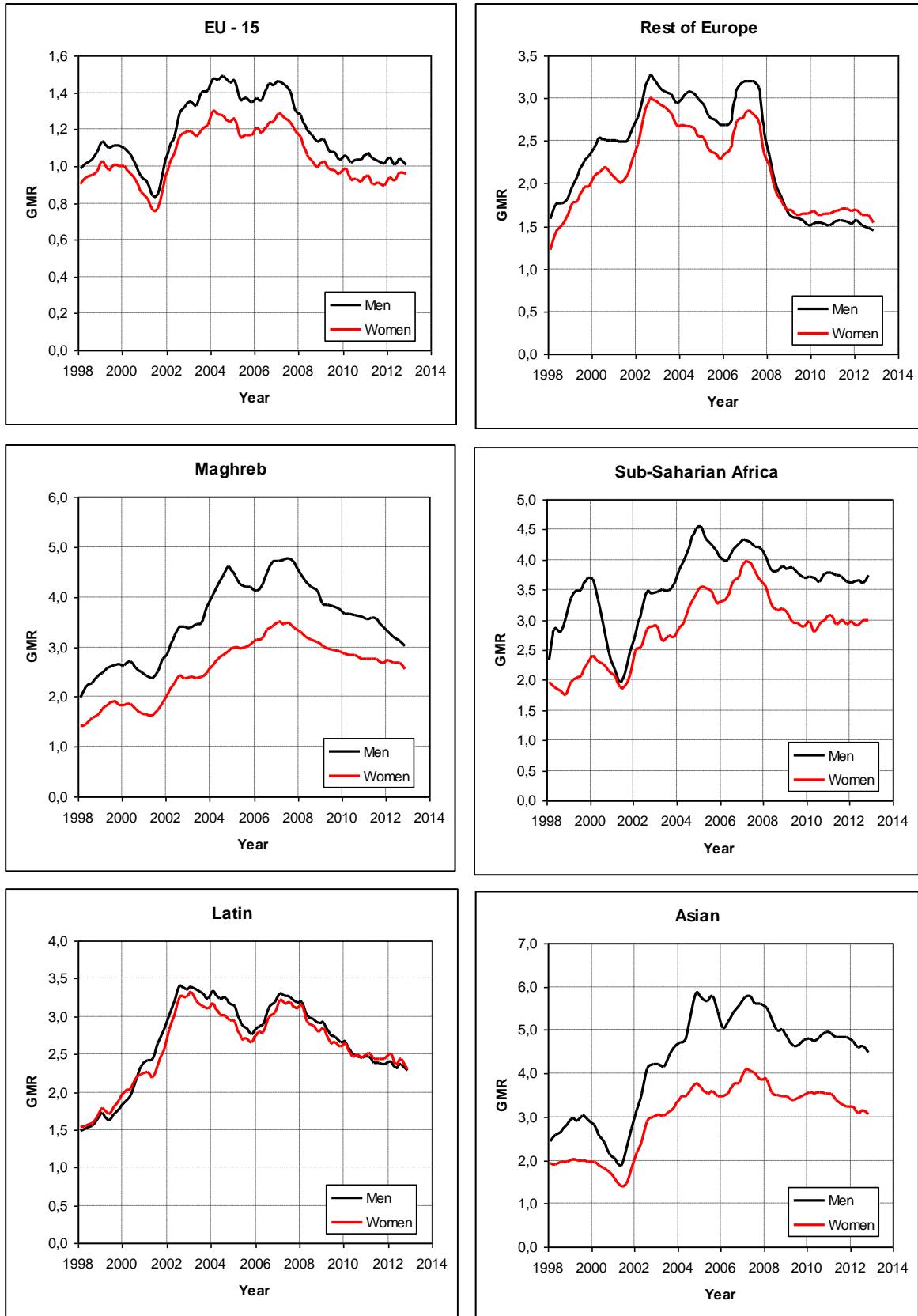
Source: Own elaboration. *EVR* micro-data

Figure 2: Intra-provincial GMR by sex and region of birth. Spain, 1998-2012.



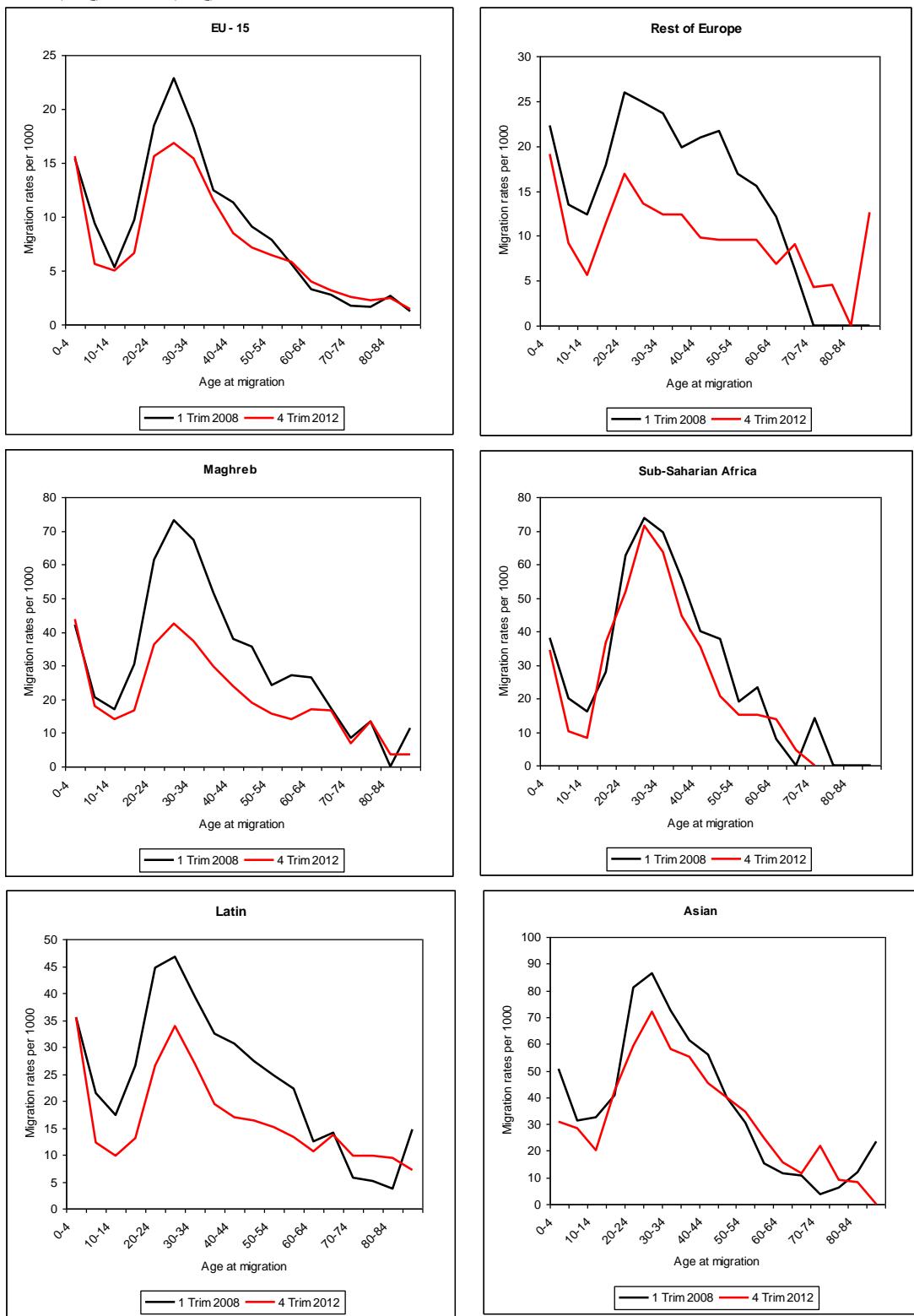
Source: Own elaboration. *EVR and Padrón Continuo* micro-data

Figure 3: Interprovincial GMR by sex and region of birth. Spain, 1998-2012



Source: Own elaboration. *EVR and Padrón Continuo* micro-data

Figure 4: Migration rates by age (internal migration > 200 km). Males. Spain, 2008(1Q)-2012(4Q)



Source: Own elaboration. *EVR and Padrón Continuo* micro-data

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